



#### CD4

Rabbit Monoclonal antibody(Mab)
Catalog # AD80285

### **Specification**

#### **CD4 - Product info**

Application IHC-P
Primary Accession P01730
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Monoclonal
Calculated MW 51111

#### CD4 - Additional info

Gene ID 920 Gene Name CD4

**Other Names** 

T-cell surface glycoprotein CD4, T-cell surface antigen T4/Leu-3, CD4, CD4

**Dilution** 

IHC-P~~Ready-to-use

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C

Precautions CD4 Antibody is for research use only and

not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic

procedures.

#### **CD4 - Protein Information**

Name CD4

Function Integral membrane glycoprotein that

plays an essential role in the immune response and serves multiple functions in responses against both external and internal offenses. In T-cells, functions primarily as a coreceptor for MHC class II molecule:peptide complex. The antigens presented by class II peptides are derived from extracellular proteins while class I peptides are derived from cytosolic proteins. Interacts simultaneously with the T-cell receptor (TCR) and the MHC class II presented by antigen presenting cells (APCs). In turn, recruits the Src kinase LCK to the vicinity of the TCR-CD3 complex.



Cellular Location

Tissue Location

### **CD4 - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

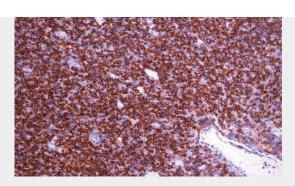
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# CD4 - Images

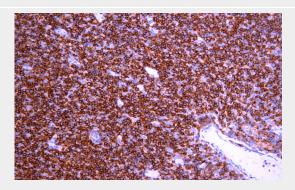
LCK then initiates different intracellular signaling pathways by phosphorylating various substrates ultimately leading to lymphokine production, motility, adhesion and activation of T- helper cells. In other cells such as macrophages or NK cells, plays a role in differentiation/activation, cytokine expression and cell migration in a TCR/LCK-independent pathway. Participates in the development of T-helper cells in the thymus and triggers the differentiation of monocytes into functional mature macrophages. Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=Localizes to lipid rafts (PubMed:12517957, PubMed:9168119). Removed from plasma membrane by HIV-1 Nef protein that increases clathrin-dependent endocytosis of this antigen to target it to lysosomal degradation. Cell surface expression is also down-modulated by HIV-1 Envelope polyprotein gp160 that interacts with, and sequesters CD4 in the endoplasmic reticulum

Highly expressed in T-helper cells. The presence of CD4 is a hallmark of T-helper cells which are specialized in the activation and growth of cytotoxic T-cells, regulation of B cells, or activation of phagocytes. CD4 is also present in other immune cells such as macrophages, dendritic cells or NK cells.





## Thymus



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human thymus tissue using AD80285 performed on the Abcarta® FAIP-30 Fully automated IHC platform. Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde at room temperature, antigen retrieval was by heat mediation with a Citrate buffer (pH6. 0). Samples were incubated with primary antibody (Ready-to-use) for 15 min at room temperature. AmpSeeTM Detection Systems Abcepta: AR005 was used as the secondary antibody.